

Deepening Understanding

UKS2 Non-fiction Text

This set of questions is based upon the text 'The Parthenon' by Laura Curtis.

Q1

What does the word 'emblem' tell you about how the Ancient Greeks viewed the Parthenon?

1 Mark

Q2

Find a copy a phrase that suggests that Athens would be tricky to navigate around.

1 Mark

Q3

'Daminating the horizon from miles around.' What does this suggest about the Parthenon?

1 Mark



Q4

Explain why the temple was called the 'Parthenon'.

1 Mark

Q5

Using the text, find 3 pieces of evidence to suggest that the Parthenon was 'one magnificent building'.

3 Marks



Q6

Through the text, the author gives the impression that the Ancient Greeks were proud of the Parthenon. Do you agree?

Yes

No

Explain why!

2 Marks

Q7

Find the sub-heading 'A Sight (Site!) for Sore Eyes'. Why has the author written the words 'sight' and 'site'?

1 Mark



Q8

The building has been described as 'a lasting legacy'.
What does the author mean by this?

1 Mark

Q9

Consider each statement. Did the Greeks build the Parthenon for religious purposes or to prove their greatness? (Tick ✓)

Statement	Religious purposes	To prove greatness
After it was finished, the Parthenon was dedicated to the Goddess Athena.		
The Greeks believed they had no rival.		
There were intentional decorative carvings of contorted faces of enemies or victorious Greeks.		
The Greeks believed Gods and Goddesses controlled their lives and tried hard to make them happy.		
The Greeks successfully won many battles and wanted to remind people of this.		

1 Mark



Q10

Using the numbers 1-5, put these events in order of when they happened.

It was transformed into a mosque for a short time

The building was devoted to a Greek Goddess

It became a church

The architects were directed by a statesman

The Greeks were proud of the battles they had won

1 Mark

