# Tuesday 19th January 2021



## ONLINE LESSON – Maths focus today

For this lesson you will need:

- Be ready to discuss `forces' and <u>concept cartoons</u> to start.
- <u>Pencil and paper</u> at the ready, as we <u>double and halve</u> <u>numbers, including decimals</u>.
- <u>Circuit training data and a calculator.</u> (I will demonstrate using my own data during the lesson.)

\*Sound switched on as we continue to <u>`talk' live in our lessons</u>, with the <u>`chat' option used in a much more directed way</u>.



Your brain, as well as your 'Dhoon High 5' and 'Values'.



Follow up challenges/ suggested learning can be found below:

### <u>Tuesday 19th January – Follow up challenges/ suggested learning:</u>

#### - Maths - 'Doubling and halving'

There are 4 sets of questions (A – D), which increase in the level of challenge, with more emphasis on decimals in the later questions. You could use a calculator to check answers and support you with the decimals in particular.

#### - Data Handling - Analysing circuit training data

As demonstrated in the live lesson, work to analyse data sets for different exercises.
 You may continue to use my data (on website) and/or work with your own data. It might be interesting to compare your data to mine, or one of your classmates.

#### Calculate: mean, median, mode, maximum, minimum and range.

I look forward to seeing your findings.

#### Science : Prepare for our Forces test (Questions are already on the web site.)

- <u>Continue to study/work to memorise the 'Forces' knowledge organiser</u>, which can be found on the website in the Class 3 resources section.
- We will discuss some of the forces test questions in Wednesday's lesson.
  Once again, it would be great to see some follow up work on this. You could respond with writing, typing, recordings....
  - \*I didn't have time to remind you about the forces investigation recommended after Monday's lesson, so I thought I should bring it to your attention again:

- Design and carry out an experiment to test either:

Does the mass of an object affect the speed at which it rolls?

Does the mass of an object affect the distance it will roll?

- Based on experience, what do you think should happen? This is your 'hypothesis'.
- How will you make the test as fair as possible? What is your 'variable'. (You may find this challenging. For example if using balls, they may have different surface materials.)
- What will you measure/record to allow you to test your hypothesis?
- Should you repeat measurements and find the average (mean)?

I'd really like to see your findings, whether written/typed, labelled diagrams, results tables, photographs, video clips... Over to you.